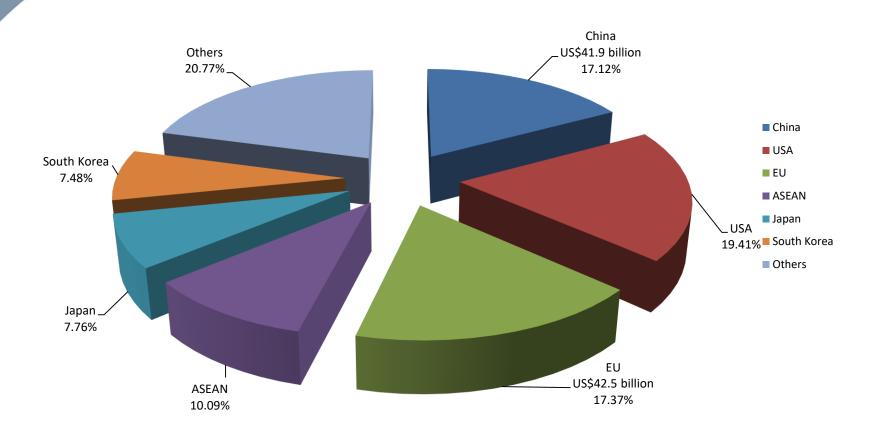


# GEOGRAPHICAL INDICATIONS & EU – Vietnam Free Trade Agreement

**Delegation of the European Union to Viet Nam** 



# Vietnam's main export markets in 2018



# Comprehensive FTA – new generation agreement

#### Trade in goods/market access

- Market access for goods tariffs
- Sanitary and Phyto-sanitary Measures
- Rules of Origin
- Export duties
- Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT)
- Customs and Trade Facilitation

#### **Services and investment:**

- Trade in services
- E-commerce
- Establishment
- Investment protection
- Investment Tribunal System

#### **Cross-cutting issues**

- Intellectual Property Rights
- Geographical Indications
- Trade and Sustainable Development
- Government Procurement
- Trade Remedies
- Competition Policy / State Owned Enterprises
- Cooperation and Capacity building
- Dispute Settlement

Link to Human rights

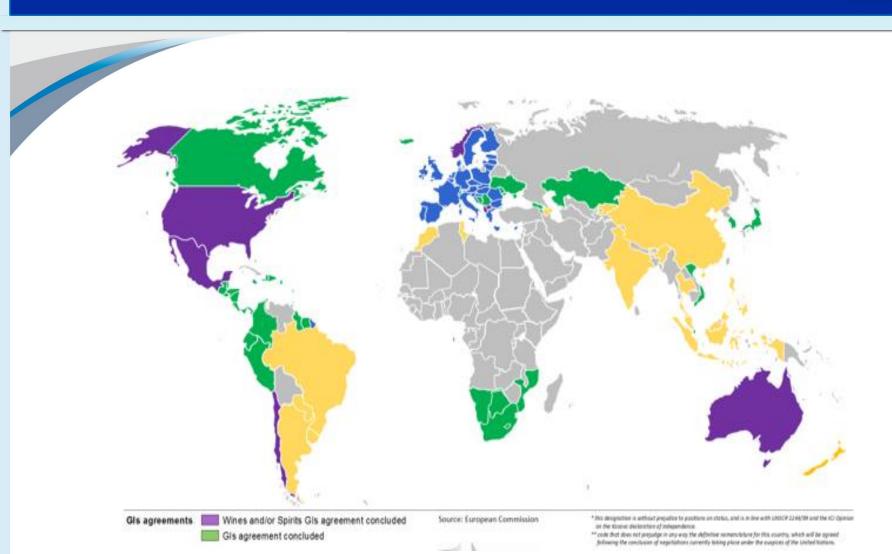




### **Geographical Indications in FTAs**

- In the FTAs a satisfactory GI chapter is a "must have" for the EU
- EU objective is not to impose a mere transposition of its internal legislation to the concerned third countries not realistic
- The objective in EU negotiations is to add value compared to TRIPS basic provisions
- The aim is to establish a list of EU/3C agricultural GIs to be protected directly and indefinitely in the respective countries from the entry into force of the agreement





#### **Timelines: EU-Vietnam FTA**



2016 2017 2018 2019

1 February: Publication of texts



**Legal** scrubbing

**Legal scrubbing** 



**ECJ** opinion



Split of the texts: FTA IPA **Legal scrubbing** 





European
Commission
proposal to sign
& conclude
(17th October
2018)

**Council authorisation** 













Recognition and high level of protection (direct) of **GIs**, comparable level to the one under the EU GI legislation

**169 EU GIs** and **39 Vietnamese products** enjoy direct protection through the FTA





- GIs can coexist with prior registered trademarks
- Cannot become generic
- New GIs can be added in the future



1. Defined geographical area

+ 2. Specific product

+ 3. Link between 1. and 2.

= GI









3.263 registered GIs in the EU – August 2019



- Valuable intellectual property right (collective right)
- Protect the **name**
- Prohibits misuse, imitation or evocation and any other practice liable to mislead the consumer
- Protection unlimited in time





**PDO**: Protected Designation of Origin



Geographical Indications (GIs)

**PGI**: Protected Geographical Indication



# What products are covered by GI?

Agricultural products and foodstuffs - Regulation (EU) No

1151/2012

Wines – Regulation (EC) No 1308/2013

Spirit drinks -Regulation (EC) No 110/2008

Wine; 1605

Aromatised wines – Regulation (EU) No 251/2014



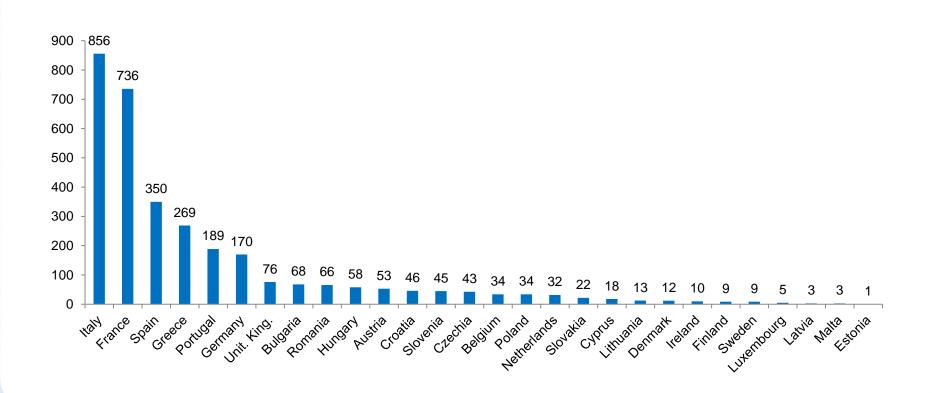








# Registered GIs by EU Member State – August 2019





# Non-EU countries (Food, Wine, Spirit drinks)

- •33 names registered
  - China (10)
    - **USA (1)**
    - Thailand (4) Brazil (1)

- Guatemala (1)
- Peru (1)

Mexico (1)

- Turkey (3)
- Cambodia (2)
- Norway (2)
- Andorra (1)
- Armenia (1)
- Colombia (1)
- Dominican Republic (1)
- India (1)
- Indonesia (1)
- Vietnam (1) Phú Quốc



- Registration provides protection
- "One-stop shop" for EU wide protection
- Recognised value added to products
- Better price: x 2,23 price of standard product on average
- Stronger position in the food chain

# **General benefits**

- GI maintain jobs in rural areas
- You can't re-locate GI and move production abroad
- GI help the **local economy** (e.g. processing, tourism)
- GI protect & reassure **consumers** about origin
- GI protect diversity & heritage in a globalised world





- Estimated sales value of EU GIs: € 54.3 billion in 2010 (estimated at wholesale stage in the region of production)
  - = 5.7% of the total EU food and drink sector

- Estimated exports value of EU GIs: € 11.5 billion in 2010
  - = 15% of EU food and drink industry exports



# **Challenges and opportunities for Vietnam**

