# Understanding the GI Regime in Singapore

**Foo Wee Ying** 16 December 2024



#### **Overview**

- 1. Legislation past & present
- 2. Registered GIs in Singapore
- 3. Registration Process
- 4. Clarifying the Scope of a GI



#### **Before 1 April 2019**

- GI Act 1998 implements Singapore's obligations under TRIPS (Article 22 – 24)
- No registration required for GIs
- Two-tiered scheme of protection
  - Basic level (all GI goods) cannot be misleading
  - Enhanced level (wines and spirits) cannot be used even if consumers are not misled

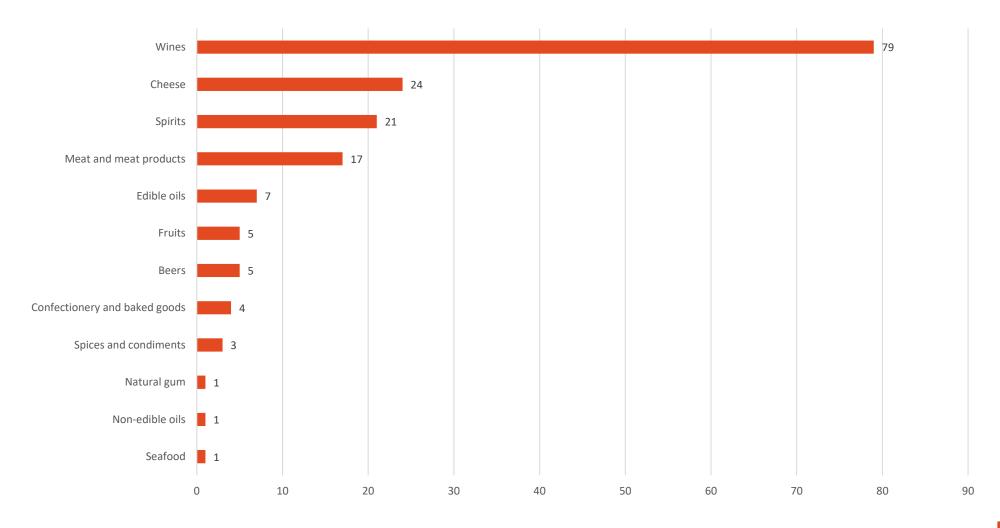


#### **From 1 April 2019**

- EU-Singapore Free Trade Agreement
- GI Act 2014 and GI Rules 2019
- Establishment of a Registry of Geographical Indications
- System of registration for geographical indications
- Enhanced protection for registered GIs

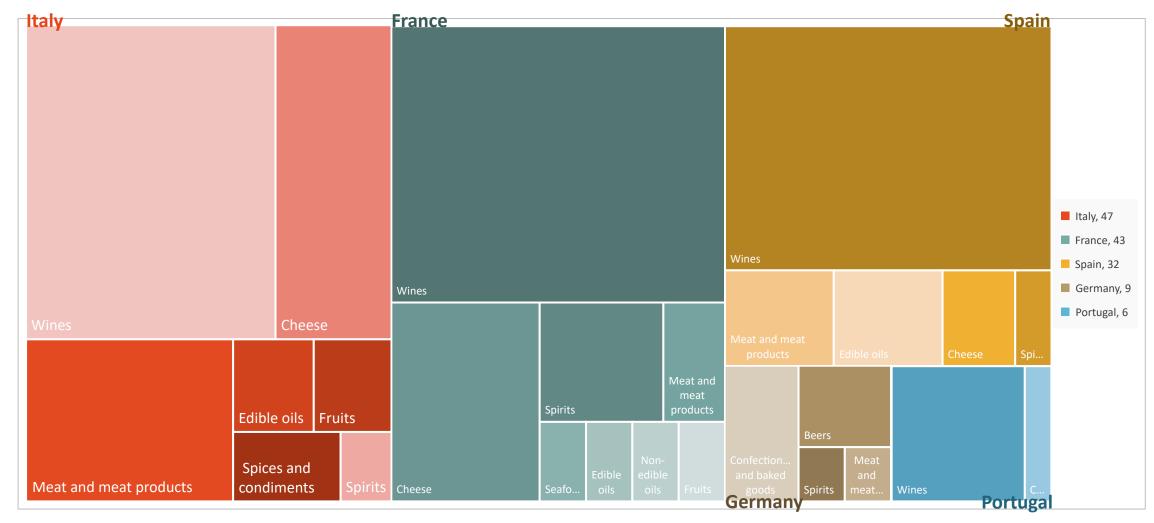


#### 168 Registered GIs in Singapore



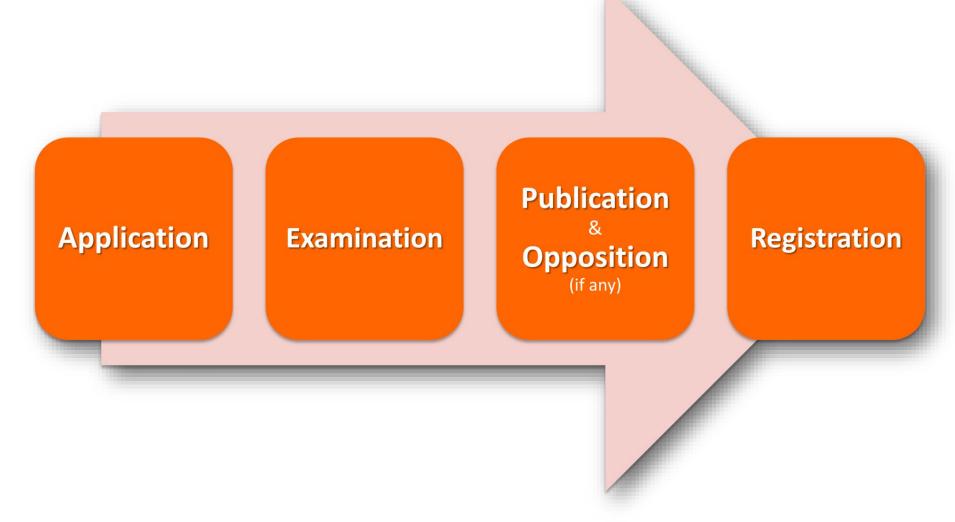


#### **Top 5 Countries**



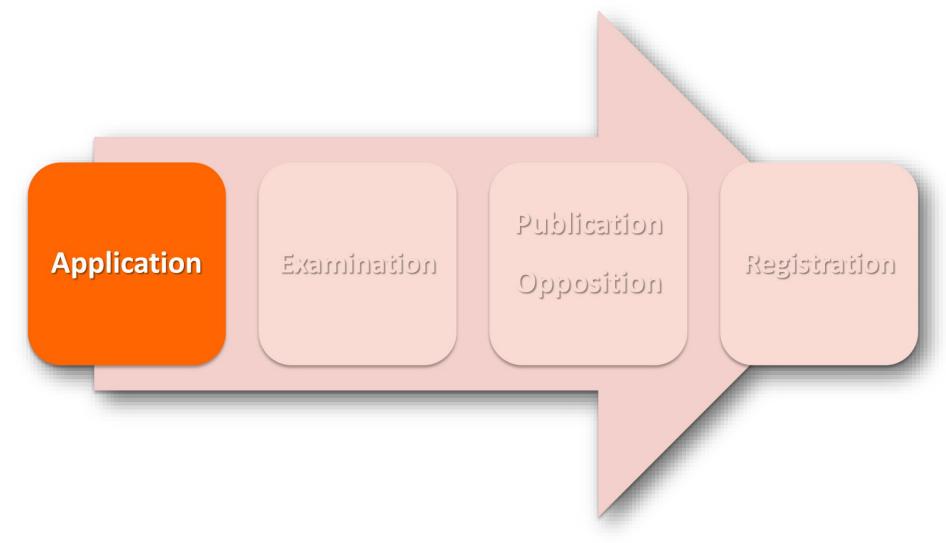


#### **Overview of Registration Process**





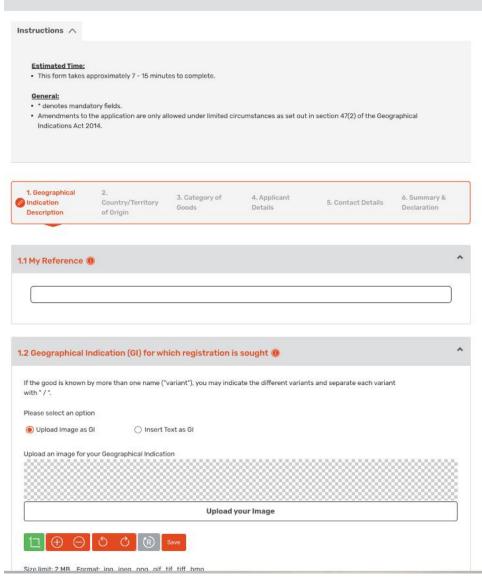
## **Stage 1: Application**





## **Ap**plication

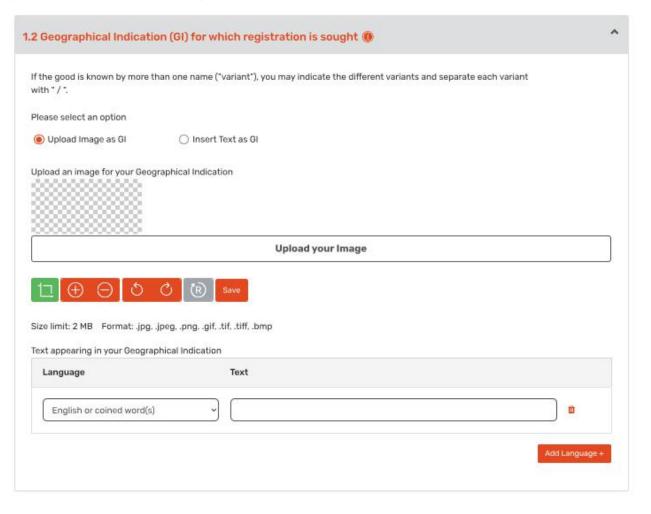
#### GI1: Application to Register a Geographical Indication





#### **Application: GI**

GI for which registration is sought





#### **Application: Categories of Goods**

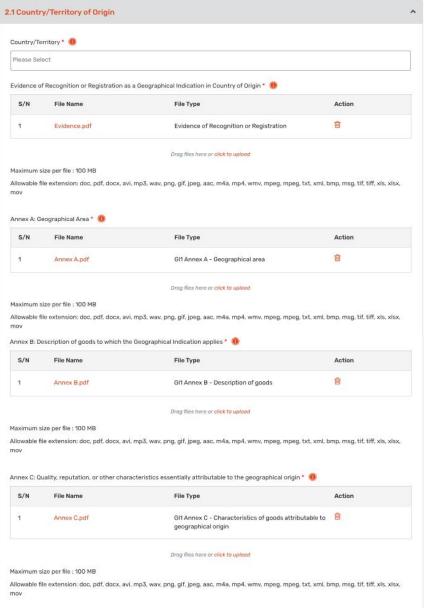
- Wines
- Spirits
- Beers
- Cheese
- Meat and meat products
- Seafood
- Edible oils
- Non-edible oils
- Fruits
- Vegetables
- Spices and condiments
- Confectionery and baked goods
- Flowers and parts of flowers
- Natural gum





#### **Application: Other Details**

- Geographical area to which the GI applies
- Evidence that the GI has obtained recognition or registration as a GI in the qualifying country of origin
- Quality, reputation, or characteristics of the goods in question and how that is attributable to the geographical origin





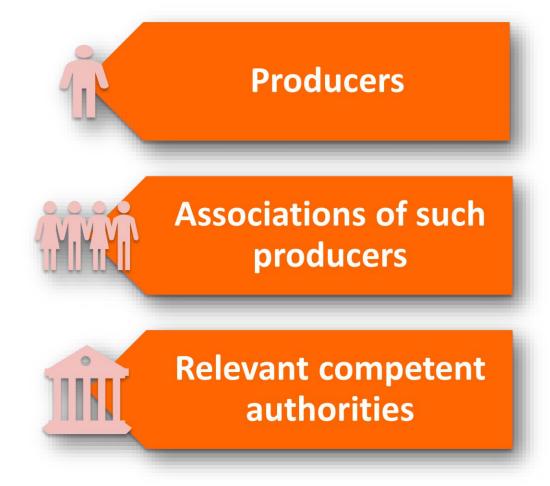
## **Application: Applicant Details**

Name, address and nationality of the applicant



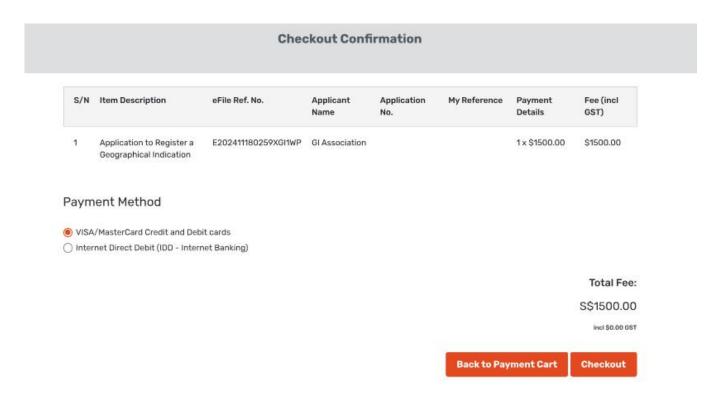


#### **Application: Who may Apply**



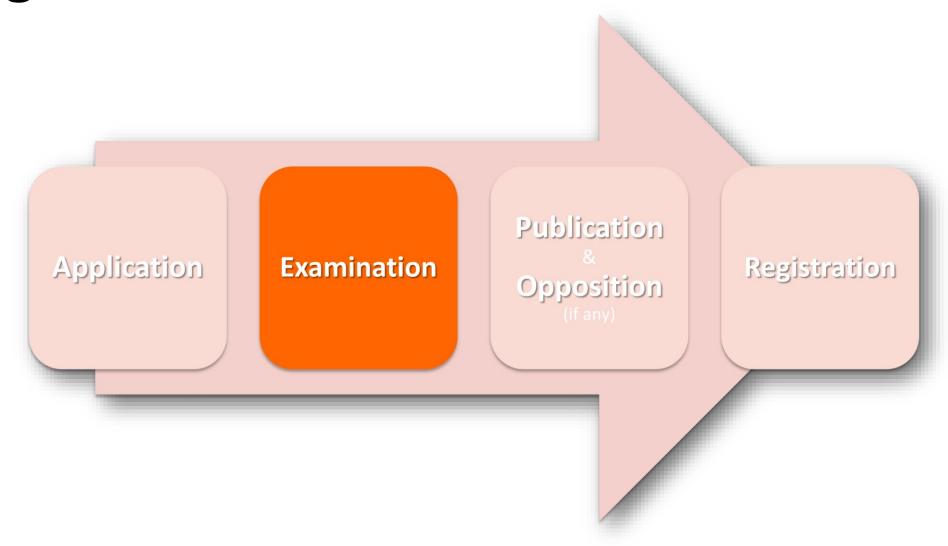


## **Application: Fee**





## **Stage 2: Examination**



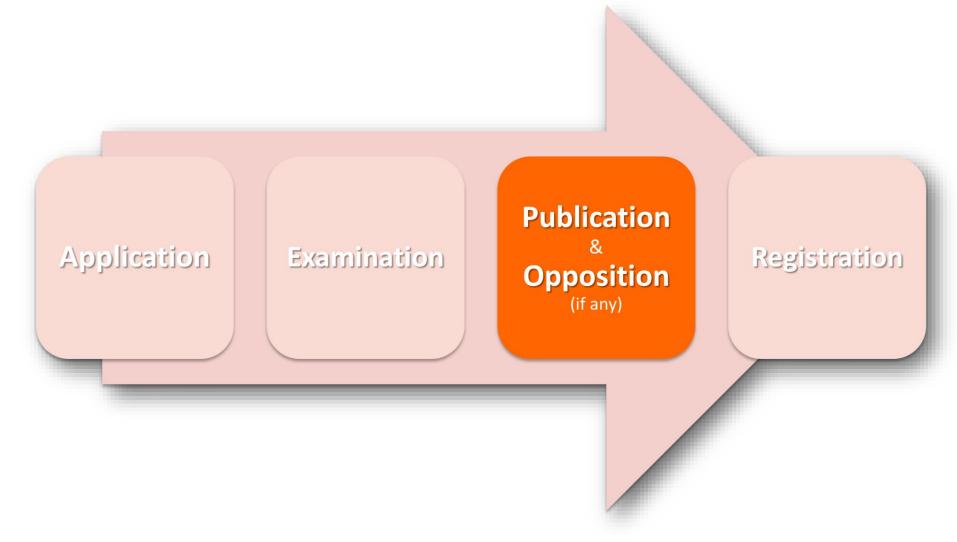


#### **Examination**

- Whether the proposed GI is contrary to public policy or morality
- Whether the proposed Gl is protected in its country or territory of origin
- Whether the proposed GI contains the name of a plant variety or an animal breed and is likely to mislead the consumer as to the true origin of the product
- Whether the proposed GI is identical with or similar to a trade mark



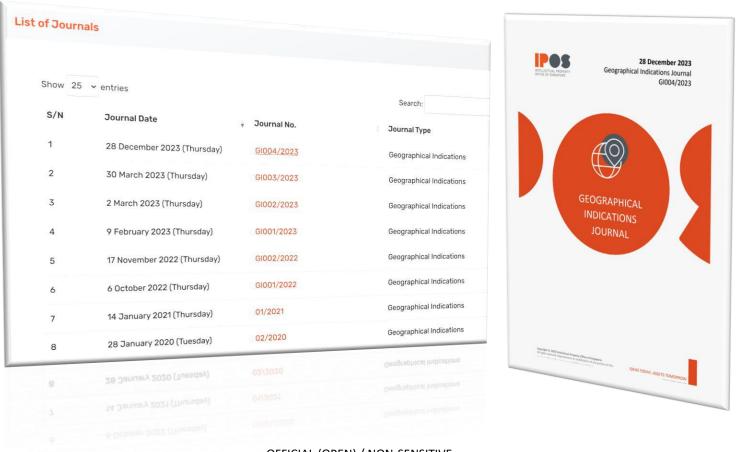
#### **Stage 3: Publication & Opposition**





#### **Publication**

- Accepted applications will be published in the Geographical Indications Journal
- The journal may be downloaded at IPOS Digital Hub





## **Opposition**

 During the period of publication of 6 weeks, third parties may object to the registration of the GI

"Prosecco" to be registered as a Geographical Indication in Singapore after first ever Court of Appeal decision on GIs

- Bird & Bird, November 2023

https://www.twobirds.com/en/insights/2023/singapore/prosecco-to-be-registered-as-a-geographical-indication-in-singapore

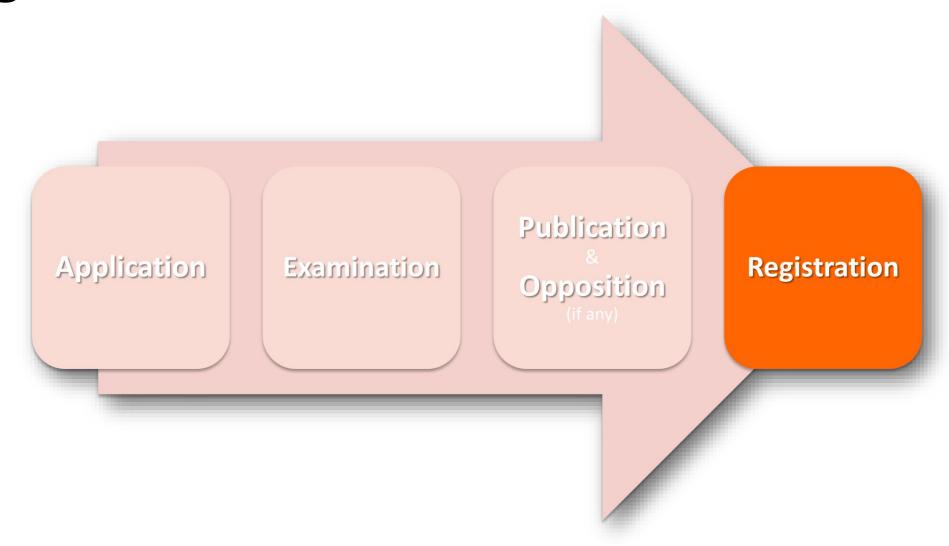
Apex court clears way for 'Prosecco' to be used for wines only from Italian region

- The Straits Times, November 2023

https://www.straitstimes.com/singapore/courts-crime/apex-court-clears-way-for-prosecco-to-be-used-for-wines-only-from-italian-region



## Registration





## Registration

- 10 years of protection once registered
- May be renewed for further periods of 10 years



#### Clarifying the Scope of a GI



- Qualification of Rights (QoR)
- Limitation of Scope (LoS)



## **Qualification of Rights (QoR)**

- Addresses the issue where the objection is not about the GI itself, but for
  - specific terms within the GI, or
  - its purported translation
- Example: a word within a multi-component GI
  (e.g. "Mozzarella" in "Mozzarella di Bufala Campana")
- Useful to clarify the boundary between what is protected by the GI registration and what is available for use by third parties in relation to the GI
- Can be filed by any person
- Filed with IPOS, after the publication of the application for registration of the GI but before the registration of the GI



## **Qualification of Rights (QoR)**

Decision is appealable to the High Court

Court of Appeal of Singapore rules that Parmesan and Parmigiano Reggiano are not the same cheese

- CNA, November 2024

https://www.channelnewsasia.com/singapore/parmesan-parmigiano-reggiano-cheese-italy-geographical-indication-4764646



#### **Limitation of Scope (LoS)**

- Can only be filed after the GI has been registered
- Filed in the High Court
- Limitation on the rights conferred in relation to
  - Any name contained in the GI, or
  - Any term which may be a possible translation of the GI



## **Key Differences (QoR vs LoS)**

Qualification **Rights** 

- Filed with IPOS
- After the publication of the application for registration of the GI but before the registration of the GI

- Filed in the High Court
- After GI has been registered

Limitation of Scope



#### Recap

#### Fair and transparent 3-stage process

- Application
- Examination
- Publication and Opposition

#### Clarify scope of GI through

- Qualification of Rights
- Limitation of Scope





## **THANK YOU**



#### **IPOS** website

https://www.ipos.gov.sg/resources/geographical-indication