

Topic 5: Attitudes and skills required for IP mediators

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Overview of relevant features and skills of mediator

- Confidentiality
- Independence and Impartiality
- Flexibility and Objectivity
- Active listening skills and open-ended questions
- Understanding human and business psychology
- Continuous learning and training



European Code of conduct for mediators

- mediation in civil and commercial matters
- principles for mediators
- without prejudice to national legislation or regulatory frameworks
- Possibility for codes adapted to their specific types of services or areas
- BoA EUIPO Presidium decisions



Confidentiality



Confidentiality

- > Any information disclosed in confidence to mediators by one of the parties must not be disclosed to the other parties without permission
- > Prohibition of dissemination of any information relating to mediation
- Mediator cannot be a witness in formal process in connection with the dispute and the mediation
- Destruction or deletion of materials obtained for the purpose of mediation after the termination



Confidentiality

- develop trust to mediator and to the mediation process
- efficiently manage the process



Impartiality and Independence



Impartiality

Mediators must at all times act with impartiality towards the parties and be committed to serve all parties equally with respect to the process of mediation.

- ensure inclusivity
- avoid bias
- self-awareness



Independence

Continuing obligation throughout the process of mediation

The mediator must **disclose** circumstances such

- any personal or business relationship with one or more of the parties;
- any financial or other interest, direct or indirect, in the outcome of the mediation;
- the mediator, or a member of his firm, having acted in any capacity other than mediator for one or more of the parties.

Possibility of accepting a declared Col, if parties want the chosen mediator



Independence

EUIPO BoA rules

Before accepting to mediate and during the process

Examiners and members of the Opposition/Cancellation/Invalidity Divisions, the BoA or any other person may not be designated as mediator if:

he/she has any personal interest OR previously been involved in the case under appeal.

In the future

The mediator should not be involved as an examiner, member of the Opposition/Cancellation/Invalidity Divisions or the BoA in **any further proceedings** of the case or any related case.



Independence

- be transparent
- build rapport
- develop trust to the process to open the way to the settlement



Flexibility and Objectivity



Flexibility

- No strict procedural rules
- Process manager
- The mediator may hear the parties separately or identify the need for a joint meeting

- Effectively and strategically manage the discussions towards the objective of settlement
- be goal-oriented, i.e. assist parties reach a settlement



At the same time Objectivity

Ensure that all parties **understand the characteristics** of the mediation:

- the process
- the role of the mediator
- the role of the parties

Ensure that all parties have adequate opportunities to be involved - possible power imbalances

- ensure trust in the process
- ensure satisfaction on a possible settlement



Active listening and open-ended questions



Active listening and open-ended questions

- Discovering what may be behind the surface of the conflict
- Reality testing
- Unmasking interests and needs behind positions and strategies
- Exploration for needs, experiences, values, assumptions
- Identification of common grounds compatible interests while incompatible positions!

- listen and understand
- challenging
- recognise common interests behind statements
- open clogged communication channels



Understanding human and business psychology



Understanding human and business psychology

- Legitimacy of feelings
- Forward-looking perspective and discussion
- Opportunity for creative solutions and expansion of value
- Mirroring effect

- Normalise conflict
- Handle emotions
- Strip away negative connotations
- Adopt positive attitude



Continuous learning and training for further development



Development of skills

- Competent and knowledgeable in the process of mediation
- Standards and recognised accreditation schemes
- Keep continuously updated and informed
- Sharing experience with peers and attending coaching sessions



Continuous learning and training in EUIPO









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